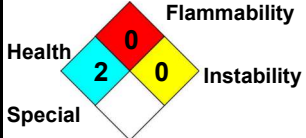


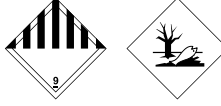


Material Safety Data Sheet

NFPA	HMIS	WHMIS	TDG	DOT								
	<table border="1"> <tr><td>Health</td><td>2</td></tr> <tr><td>Flammability</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>Physical hazards</td><td>0</td></tr> <tr><td>Suggested PPE</td><td>H</td></tr> </table>	Health	2	Flammability	0	Physical hazards	0	Suggested PPE	H			
Health	2											
Flammability	0											
Physical hazards	0											
Suggested PPE	H											

1 . Product and Company Identification

Product name Pro Zinc 10 + Foliar Chelate	
Synonym	MSDS prepared by the Environment, Health & Safety Department on: 2/13/2012.
Material uses Fertilizer.	Version 1
MSDS Number 54507	<u>In Case of Emergency</u> Transportation: 1-800-792-8311 Medical: 1-888-615-0015
Manufacturer Agrium Advanced Technologies Fairbury Micronutrients 56906 Hwy 8 Fairbury, NE 68352	
For more information on Agrium AT or our products, please go to: http://www.agriumat.com or contact us at Toll-Free:800-461-6471	

2 . Hazards Identification

Physical state	Liquid.
Odor	Ammoniacal. [Slight]
OSHA/HCS status	This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Emergency overview	<p>WARNING!</p> <p>CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.</p> <p>Severely irritating to eyes. Moderately irritating to the skin. Do not get in eyes. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Wash thoroughly after handling.</p>
Routes of entry	Inhalation. Ingestion. Dermal
<u>Potential acute health effects</u>	
Inhalation	May irritate the respiratory tract if inhaled.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.
Skin	Moderately irritating to the skin.
Eyes	Severely irritating to eyes. Risk of serious damage to eyes.
<u>Potential chronic health effects</u>	
Chronic effects	Contains material that may cause target organ damage, based on animal data.

2. Hazards Identification

Carcinogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Target organs	Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, upper respiratory tract, skin, eye, lens or cornea.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation	No specific data.
Ingestion	No specific data.
Skin	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Eyes	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure	Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition / Information on Ingredients

United States

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
citric acid	77-92-9	10 - 20
ammonia, anhydrous	7664-41-7	10 - 20
edetic acid	60-00-4	1 - 5

Canada

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
citric acid	77-92-9	10 - 20
ammonia, anhydrous	7664-41-7	10 - 20
edetic acid	60-00-4	1 - 5

Mexico

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>UN number</u>	<u>%</u>	<u>IDLH</u>	<u>Classification</u>			
					<u>H</u>	<u>F</u>	<u>R</u>	<u>Special</u>
citric acid	77-92-9	Not available.	10 - 20	-	2	0	0	
ammonia, anhydrous	7664-41-7	UN1954	10 - 20	300 ppm	1	4	0	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4 . First Aid Measures

Eye contact	Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Seek medical advice if symptoms or conditions persist.
Skin contact	In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Seek medical advice if irritation or symptoms persist.
Inhalation	If inhalation occurs, remove individual(s) to fresh air. Loosen restrictive clothing items if necessary. If individual has irregular or difficulty breathing or is under respiratory arrest seek medical attention immediately. If other conditions or symptoms develop contact a physician.
Ingestion	If ingestion occurs, rinse mouth with copious amounts of water. Do Not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by trained medical personnel. Do Not give anything by mouth to unconscious individuals. Seek immediate medical attention.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.
Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

5 . Fire-fighting Measures

Flammability of the product	In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
<u>Extinguishing media</u>	
Suitable	Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Not suitable	None known.
Special exposure hazards	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Special remarks on fire hazards	No additional remark.
Special remarks on explosion hazards	No additional remark.

6 . Accidental Release Measures

Personal precautions	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
Environmental precautions	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff into waterways, drains, and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers or waterways).
Methods for cleaning up	
Small spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

7 . Handling and Storage

Handling	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Storage	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Keep out of reach of children.

8 . Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

United States

Ingredient	Exposure limits
ammonia, anhydrous	ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 17 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s). STEL: 35 ppm 15 minute(s). STEL: 24 mg/m ³ 15 minute(s). OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hour(s). TWA: 35 mg/m ³ 8 hour(s).

Canada

Occupational exposure limits	TWA (8 hours)	STEL (15 mins)	Ceiling

8 . Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m ³	Other	ppm	mg/m ³	Other	ppm	mg/m ³	Other	Notations
ammonia, anhydrous	US ACGIH 2/2010	25	-	17	35	24	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	25	-	17	35	24	-	-	-	-	
	BC 9/2010	25	-	-	35	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 7/2010	25	-	17	35	24	-	-	-	-	
	QC 6/2008	25	-	17	35	24	-	-	-	-	

Mexico

Ingredient	Exposure limits
ammonia, anhydrous	<p>NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 9/2000). LMPE-PPT: 25 ppm 8 hour(s). LMPE-PPT: 18 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). LMPE-CT: 27 mg/m³ 15 minute(s). LMPE-CT: 35 ppm 15 minute(s).</p>

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Recommended monitoring procedures	If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.
Engineering measures	No special ventilation requirements. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any recommended or statutory limits.
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Respiratory	Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Hands	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.
Eyes	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.
Skin	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Personal protective equipment (Pictograms)



8 . Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Environmental exposure controls Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

9 . Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical state	Liquid.
Flash point	Non-flammable.
Flammable limits	Non-flammable.
Color	Colorless to light yellow. Amber.
Odor	Ammoniacal. [Slight]
pH	9.5
VOC	0 % (w/w)
Solubility	Soluble

10 . Stability and Reactivity

Chemical stability	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Hazardous polymerization	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid contact with strong oxidizers, acids and/or excessive heat. Dangerous gases may accumulate in confined spaces.
Materials to avoid	Oxidizing materials, acids, metals, and metal oxides.
Hazardous decomposition products	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

11 . Toxicological Information

United States

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
citric acid	LD	Rat	382 mg/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	LD Oral	Rat	8300 mg/kg	-
	LD50	Rat	290 mg/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11700 mg/kg	-
	LD50	Rat	5500 mg/kg	-
ammonia, anhydrous	Subcutaneous			
	TDLo Oral	Rat	0.095 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18600 mg/m3	5 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	7040 mg/m3	30 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	17401 ppm	15 minutes

11 . Toxicological Information

edetic acid	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	17401 ppm	15 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	9500 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	512.9 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	397 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary Toxic to humans or animal life.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
citric acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Milliliters	-

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Skin Possible skin irritant

Eyes Possible eye irritant.

Respiratory Possible respiratory irritant.

Sensitizer

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
None identified.			

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Skin Not considered a sensitizer

Respiratory Not considered a sensitizer

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
None identified.				

Conclusion/Summary Not classified as carcinogenic, teratogenic and mutagenic

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
ammonia, anhydrous	-	-	-	-	-	-
zinc sulphate (anhydrous)	-	-	-	-	-	-

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
None identified.			

Conclusion/Summary Not classified as carcinogenic, teratogenic and mutagenic

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
None identified.				

11. Toxicological Information

Conclusion/Summary Not classified as carcinogenic, teratogenic and mutagenic

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
None identified.						

Conclusion/Summary Not considered to be toxic to the reproductive system.

Canada

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
citric acid	LD	Rat	382 mg/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	LD Oral	Rat	8300 mg/kg	-
	LD50	Rat	290 mg/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11700 mg/kg	-
ammonia, anhydrous	LD50	Rat	5500 mg/kg	-
	Subcutaneous			
	TDLo Oral	Rat	0.095 g/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18600 mg/m3	5 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	7040 mg/m3	30 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	17401 ppm	15 minutes
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	9500 ppm	1 hours
edetic acid	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50	Rat	512.9 mg/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	LD50	Rat	397 mg/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			

Conclusion/Summary Toxic to humans or animal life.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
citric acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Milliliters	-

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Skin Possible skin irritant

Eyes Possible eye irritant.

Respiratory Possible respiratory irritant.

Sensitizer

Route of

11. Toxicological Information

Product/ingredient name	exposure	Species	Result
None identified.			

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Skin Not considered a sensitizer

Respiratory Not considered a sensitizer

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary Not classified as carcinogenic, teratogenic and mutagenic

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
ammonia, anhydrous	-	-	-	-	-	-
zinc sulphate (anhydrous)	-	-	-	-	-	-

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
None identified.			

Conclusion/Summary Not classified as carcinogenic, teratogenic and mutagenic

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
None identified.				

Conclusion/Summary Not classified as carcinogenic, teratogenic and mutagenic

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
None identified.						

Conclusion/Summary Not considered to be toxic to the reproductive system.

Mexico**Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
citric acid	LD	Rat	382 mg/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	LD Oral	Rat	8300 mg/kg	-
	LD50	Rat	290 mg/kg	-
	Intraperitoneal			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11700 mg/kg	-
	LD50	Rat	5500 mg/kg	-
	Subcutaneous			
	ammonia, anhydrous	TDLo Oral	Rat	0.095 g/kg
LC50 Inhalation		Rat	18600 mg/m3	5 minutes
Vapor				
LC50 Inhalation		Rat	7040 mg/m3	30 minutes
Vapor				
LC50 Inhalation		Rat	17401 ppm	15 minutes
Gas.				
LC50 Inhalation		Rat	9500 ppm	1 hours
Gas.				
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	2000 ppm	4 hours

Conclusion/Summary Toxic to humans or animal life.

11. Toxicological Information

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Score	Score	Exposure	Observation
citric acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 Micrograms	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 Milliliters	-

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Skin Possible skin irritant

Eyes Possible eye irritant.

Respiratory Possible respiratory irritant.

Sensitizer

Product/ingredient name	Route of exposure	Species	Result
None identified.			

Conclusion/Summary Not available.

Skin Not considered a sensitizer

Respiratory Not considered a sensitizer

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
None identified.				

Conclusion/Summary Not classified as carcinogenic, teratogenic and mutagenic

Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
ammonia, anhydrous	-	-	-	-	-	-
zinc sulphate (anhydrous)	-	-	-	-	-	-

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
None identified.			

Conclusion/Summary Not classified as carcinogenic, teratogenic and mutagenic

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
None identified.				

Conclusion/Summary Not classified as carcinogenic, teratogenic and mutagenic

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
None identified.						

Conclusion/Summary Not considered to be toxic to the reproductive system.

12 . Ecological Information

Environmental effects Toxic to aquatic organisms.

United States

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
citric acid	-	Acute LC50 160000 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Green or European shore crab - Carcinus maenas - Adult	48 hours
ammonia, anhydrous	-	Acute LC50 0.88 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Orangethroat darter - Etheostoma spectabile	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 0.74 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Orangethroat darter - Etheostoma spectabile	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 1 to 1.5 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - Larvae - 90 days	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 0.53 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 0.5 to 1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - Larvae - 14 days	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 31260 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Redtail prawn - Penaeus penicillatus - 3.58 to 4.75 cm - 0.4 to 0.69 g	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 25400 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 22790 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Kuruma shrimp - Penaeus japonicus - Post- larvae	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 16010 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Kuruma shrimp - Penaeus japonicus - Mysis	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 14860 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Redtail prawn - Penaeus penicillatus - Zoea	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 14530 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - San paulo shrimp - Penaeus	48 hours

12 . Ecological Information

	-	Acute LC50 11310 ug/L Marine water	paulensis - Zoea Crustaceans - Kuruma shrimp - Penaeus japonicus - Zoea	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 8590 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - San paulo shrimp - Penaeus paulensis - Post- larvae	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 5210 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Redtail prawn - Penaeus penicillatus - Zoea	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 4980 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Kuruma shrimp - Penaeus japonicus - Nauplii	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 4180 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 4130 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia pulex - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 2710 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia reticulata - <4 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 2500 ug/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Aquatic sowbug - Asellus aquaticus - 8 to 10 mm	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 660 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - common carp - Cyprinus carpio	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 450 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Chinook salmon - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha - Underyearling - 1 to 7 g	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 440 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - common carp - Cyprinus carpio	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 380 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Silver carp - Hypophthalmichthys molitrix - Fingerling	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 300 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Carp - Hypophthalmichthys nobilis	96 hours
edetic acid	-	Acute EC50 113000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate - <24 hours	48 hours

12 . Ecological Information

-	Acute LC50 231 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - >24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 230 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - >24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 532000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 159000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 129000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Channel catfish - Ictalurus punctatus - Fingerling	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 59800 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - 0.3 to 1 g	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 41000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

Toxic to humans or animal life.

Canada

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
citric acid	-	Acute LC50 160000 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Green or European shore crab - Carcinus maenas - Adult	48 hours
ammonia, anhydrous	-	Acute LC50 0.88 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Orangethroat darter - Etheostoma spectabile	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 0.74 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Orangethroat darter - Etheostoma spectabile	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 1 to 1.5 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - Larvae - 90 days	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 0.53 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 0.5 to 1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - Larvae - 14 days	96 hours

12 . Ecological Information

-	Acute LC50 31260 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Redtail prawn - Penaeus penicillatus - 3.58 to 4.75 cm - 0.4 to 0.69 g	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 25400 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 22790 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Kuruma shrimp - Penaeus japonicus - Post- larvae	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 16010 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Kuruma shrimp - Penaeus japonicus - Mysis	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 14860 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Redtail prawn - Penaeus penicillatus - Zoea	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 14530 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - San paulo shrimp - Penaeus paulensis - Zoea	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 11310 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Kuruma shrimp - Penaeus japonicus - Zoea	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 8590 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - San paulo shrimp - Penaeus paulensis - Post- larvae	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 5210 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Redtail prawn - Penaeus penicillatus - Zoea	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 4980 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Kuruma shrimp - Penaeus japonicus - Nauplii	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 4180 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 4130 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia pulex - <24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 2710 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia reticulata - <4 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 2500 ug/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Aquatic sowbug -	48 hours

12 . Ecological Information

			Asellus aquaticus - 8 to 10 mm	
	-	Acute LC50 660 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - common carp - Cyprinus carpio	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 450 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Chinook salmon - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha - Underyearling - 1 to 7 g	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 440 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - common carp - Cyprinus carpio	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 380 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Silver carp - Hypophthalmichthys molitrix - Fingerling	96 hours
edetic acid	-	Acute LC50 300 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Carp - Hypophthalmichthys nobilis	96 hours
	-	Acute EC50 113000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 231 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - >24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 230 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - >24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 532000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 159000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 129000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Channel catfish - Ictalurus punctatus - Fingerling	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 59800 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - 0.3 to 1 g	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 41000 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary Toxic to humans or animal life.

Mexico

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Species	Exposure
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12 . Ecological Information

citric acid	-	Acute LC50 160000 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Green or European shore crab - <i>Carcinus maenas</i> - Adult	48 hours
ammonia, anhydrous	-	Acute LC50 0.88 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Orangethroat darter - <i>Etheostoma spectabile</i>	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 0.74 mg/L Fresh water	Fish - Orangethroat darter - <i>Etheostoma spectabile</i>	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 1 to 1.5 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Larvae - 90 days	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 0.53 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 0.5 to 1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Larvae - 14 days	96 hours
	-	Acute LC50 31260 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Redtail prawn - <i>Penaeus penicillatus</i> - 3.58 to 4.75 cm - 0.4 to 0.69 g	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 25400 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 22790 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Kuruma shrimp - <i>Penaeus japonicus</i> - Post- larvae	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 16010 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Kuruma shrimp - <i>Penaeus japonicus</i> - Mysis	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 14860 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Redtail prawn - <i>Penaeus penicillatus</i> - Zoea	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 14530 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - San paulo shrimp - <i>Penaeus paulensis</i> - Zoea	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 11310 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Kuruma shrimp - <i>Penaeus japonicus</i> - Zoea	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 8590 ug/L Marine	Crustaceans - San paulo	48 hours	

12 . Ecological Information

-	water	shrimp - Penaeus paulensis - Post- larvae	
-	Acute LC50 5210 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Redtail prawn - Penaeus penicillatus - Zoea	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 4980 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Kuruma shrimp - Penaeus japonicus - Nauplii	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 4180 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 4130 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia pulex - <24 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 2710 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia reticulata - <4 hours	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 2500 ug/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Aquatic sowbug - Asellus aquaticus - 8 to 10 mm	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 660 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - common carp - Cyprinus carpio	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 450 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Chinook salmon - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha - Underyearling - 1 to 7 g	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 440 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - common carp - Cyprinus carpio	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 380 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Silver carp - Hypophthalmichthys molitrix - Fingerling	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 300 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Carp - Hypophthalmichthys nobilis	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

Toxic to humans or animal life.

13 . Disposal Considerations







Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14 . Transport Information

Regulatory information	UN number	Shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	3082	Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S., (Ammonia Solution). Marine pollutant	9	III	 	-
TDG Classification	3082	Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S., (Ammonia Solution). Marine pollutant	9	III	 	-
Mexico Classification	3082	Environmentally Hazardous Substance, Liquid, N.O.S., (Ammonia Solution). Marine pollutant	9	III	 	-

PG* : Packing group

15 . Regulatory Information

United States

HCS Classification

Irritating material
Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 8(a) IUR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined
United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

15 . Regulatory Information

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: ammonia, anhydrous
SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: ammonia, anhydrous
SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: citric acid; ammonia, anhydrous; edetic acid
SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification:
 citric acid: Immediate (acute) health hazard; ammonia, anhydrous: Sudden release of pressure, Immediate (acute) health hazard; edetic acid: Immediate (acute) health hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Sulfuric acid, zinc salt (1:1), monohydrate

Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: ammonia, anhydrous; edetic acid

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: ammonia, anhydrous

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances Not listed

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals) Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) Not listed

SARA 313

	<u>Product name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>Concentration</u>
Form R - Reporting requirements	ammonia, anhydrous	7664-41-7	10 - 20
Supplier notification	ammonia, anhydrous	7664-41-7	10 - 20

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: None of the components are listed.
Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: None of the components are listed.
Florida substances: None of the components are listed.
Illinois Chemical Safety Act: None of the components are listed.
Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: None of the components are listed.
Louisiana Reporting: None of the components are listed.
Louisiana Spill: None of the components are listed.
Massachusetts Spill: None of the components are listed.
Massachusetts Substances: The following components are listed: AMMONIA; ETHYLENEDIAMINE TETRAACETIC ACID (EDTA)
Michigan Critical Material: None of the components are listed.
Minnesota Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: ZINC compounds; AMMONIA; ETHYLENEDIAMINETETRAACETIC ACID; EDTA
New Jersey Spill: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: None of the components are listed.
New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed: Ammonia; Ethylenediamine tetraacetic acid

15 . Regulatory Information

New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: None of the components are listed.
Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: The following components are listed:
 ZINC COMPOUNDS; AMMONIA; GLYCINE, N,N'-1,2-ETHANEDIYLBIS[N-(CARBOXYMETHYL)-
Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: None of the components are listed.

United States inventory (TSCA 8b) All components are listed or exempted.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).
 Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).
 Class E: Corrosive material

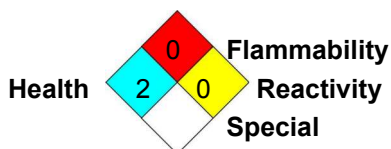
Canadian lists **CEPA Toxic substances:** None of the components are listed.
Canadian ARET: None of the components are listed.
Canadian NPRI: The following components are listed: Zinc; Ammonia (total)
Alberta Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.
Ontario Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.
Quebec Designated Substances: None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

Mexico

Classification



EU regulations

Hazard symbol or symbols



Risk phrases R20/22- Harmful by inhalation and if swallowed.
 R34- Causes burns.
 R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Safety phrases S2- Keep out of the reach of children.
 S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
 S29- Do not empty into drains.
 S36/37/39- Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.
 S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label where possible).
 S61- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.

International regulations

15 . Regulatory Information

International lists	<p>Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.</p> <p>China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.</p> <p>Japan inventory: All components are listed or exempted.</p> <p>Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.</p> <p>New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.</p> <p>Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.</p>
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals	Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals	Not listed
Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals	Not listed

16 . Other information

Label requirements CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE SKIN IRRITATION. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

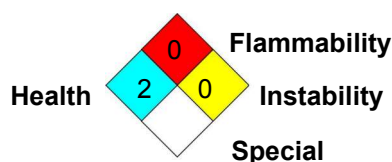
Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	2
Flammability	0
Physical hazards	0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. Suggested protective clothing might not be adequate. Consult a specialist before handling this product.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Date of issue 2/13/2012.
Version 1

▀ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

16 . Other information

Notice to Reader:

The buyer assumes all risk in connection with the use of this material. The buyer assumes all responsibility for ensuring this material is used in a safe manner in compliance with applicable environmental, health and safety laws, policies and guidelines. Agrium Inc. assumes no responsibility or liability for the information supplied on this sheet, including any damages or injury caused thereby. Agrium Inc. does not warrant the fitness of this material for any particular use and assumes no responsibility for injury or damage caused directly or indirectly by or related to the use of the material. The information contained in this sheet is developed from what Agrium Inc. believes to be accurate and reliable sources, and is based on the opinions and facts available on the date of preparation.